

Directions: Read Sections 9.2 through 9.8 of *History Alive! America's Past*. Take notes in the corresponding boxes for each section.

9.6 Government: The Governor's Palace

What was the most interesting thing you learned about government in Williamsburg?

Answers will vary.

9.2 Colonial Williamsburg

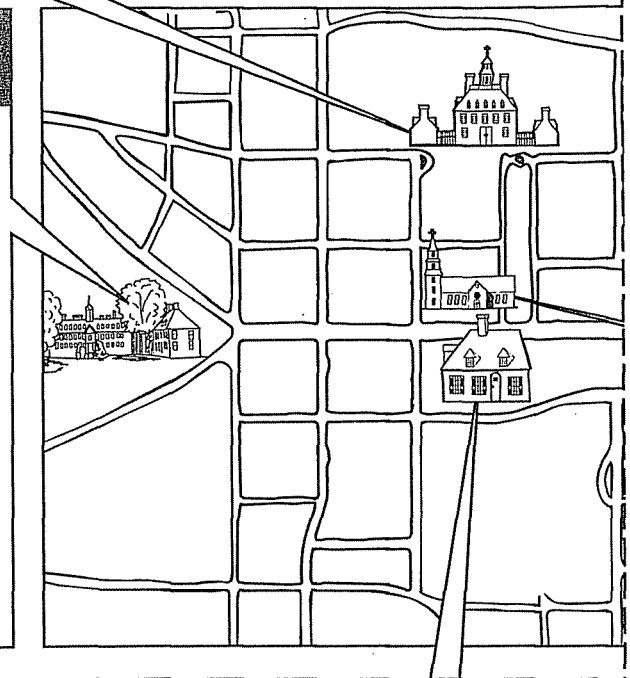
List at least three reasons Williamsburg was an important town in colonial Virginia.

1. capital of Virginia
2. center of government, education, and culture
3. home to 2,000
4. many visitors

9.3 Education: College of William and Mary and Dame Schools

List at least three differences between education in the colonies and education today.

1. Boys and girls did not go to school together.
2. In the countryside, boys sometimes studied with a local minister or tutor.
3. Most girls didn't go to school.
4. Dame schools were run in homes.
5. Schools taught strict lessons in "civility."



9.4 Trades: The Shoemaker's Shop

List three types of craftspeople you might find in a shoemaker's shop, and describe their duties.

1. Master craftsmen owned shops and were most experienced.
2. Journeymen were skilled workers who didn't own shops.
3. Apprentices were learning and did the simplest jobs.

9.5 Social Life: The Raleigh Tavern

List at least four activities that took place at a colonial tavern

1. visiting
2. sharing news
3. relaxing after work
4. eating and drinking
5. sleeping
6. singing
7. playing games
8. dancing
9. discussing politics

9.8 Religion: Bruton Parish Church

List at least two facts that show that the Church of England (Anglican Church) was an important part of life in colonial Virginia.

1. Bruton Parish Church was at the center of town.
2. The royal governor was the head of Virginia's Anglican Church.
3. Only Anglicans could vote or be in government.
4. All white colonists had to attend church.
5. Colonists paid taxes to support the church.

9.7 Slavery: The Slave Quarters at Carter's Grove Plantation

Describe the slaves' working conditions.

- Some were house slaves who did chores in the master's house.
- Some were town slaves who worked as gardeners or coachmen.
- Most worked in the fields six days a week, from sunrise until after sunset.

Describe the slaves' living conditions.

Slaves lived in slave quarters with little furniture. They had difficult and painful lives for many reasons. They survived by relying on one another.

